

Prototype test for LCTPC

Pre-prototype GEM panel for LP1

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What is Large Prototype

Japanese TPC group

Why we need pre-prototype test

What we are going to make

GEM panel

100um GEM

Schedule

Large prototype TPC in LC TPC collab.

Mom. resolution

dead space

Large area MPGD

calibration

reconstruction efficiency

under non-uniform field

low material TPC

could be studied in LargePrototype in LC-TPC

Conceptual Design at moment

Endplate

+

small/medium size panel

1 MPGD/panel ??

Gas seal by endplate

stand for pressure

Size of panel ??

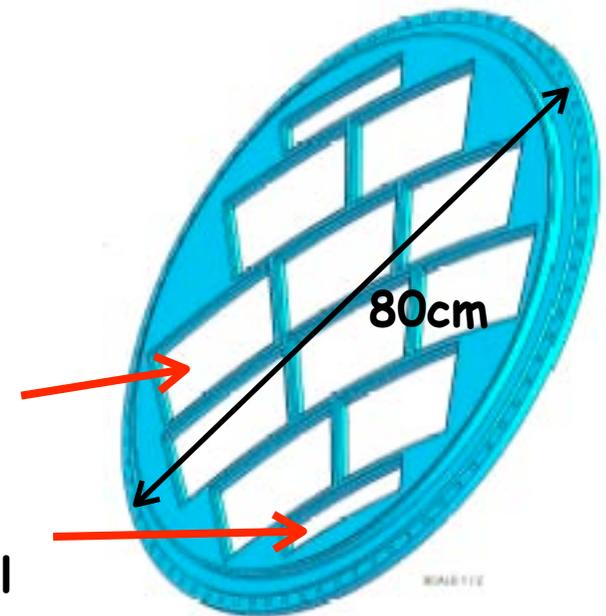
Readout electronics

—>std. RO @LP1

GEM/MM panel

for Pixel

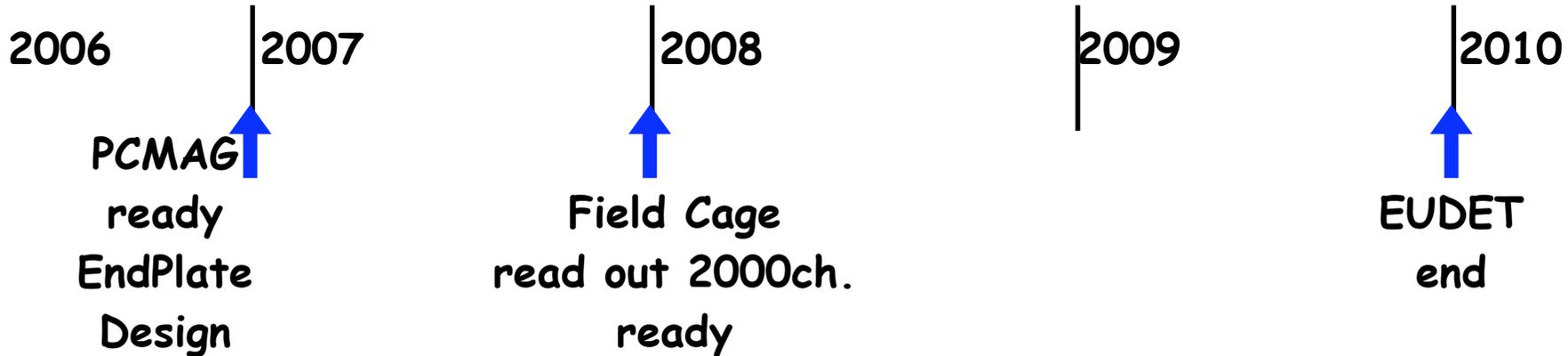
LP Endplate



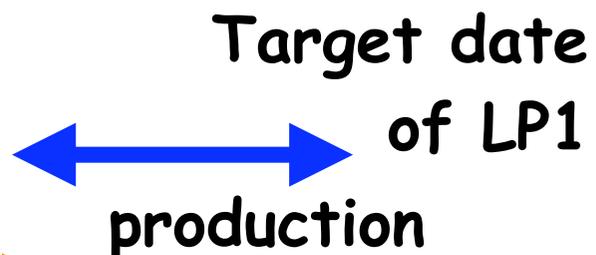
Alignment using tracks
Efficiency at boundary

LC-TPC prototype study schedule

EUDET



realistic electronics
realistic config.



limited time for R&D !!

"Pre-PROTO"

though many issues are not fixed yet

What we want to do at Pre-PROTO

Production of GEM panel

minimize dead area due to GEM support frame

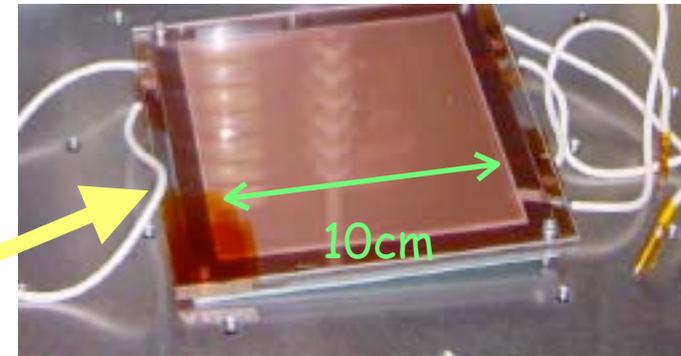
specially in radial direction

we hope to remove radial frame

to avoid loss of series of hit info.

can we mount GEM properly?

how do we stretch GEM?



GEM we used

@Small prototype test

Readout Pad plane

Pad size

arrangement

readout connector

mount
structure
to EP

support structure
of GEM

HV supply

GEM structure
on the pad plane

Larger
area GEM

Gating
structure

scheme

-> Dan Petersen
common system in LP

Readout Pad plane

Pad geometry

width: Analytic formula teach us max. pad width
in order to avoid hod-scope effect
diffusion in GEMs must be larger than
~0.3 of pad pitch

~300um w/ 5mm thick
for the most of gas

1mm pitch of pad width

length: angular dep. of

$\sigma_0 \sim 30\mu\text{m}$ @6mm for 50GeV track

related to number of connector we can put on the rear panel

arrangement :

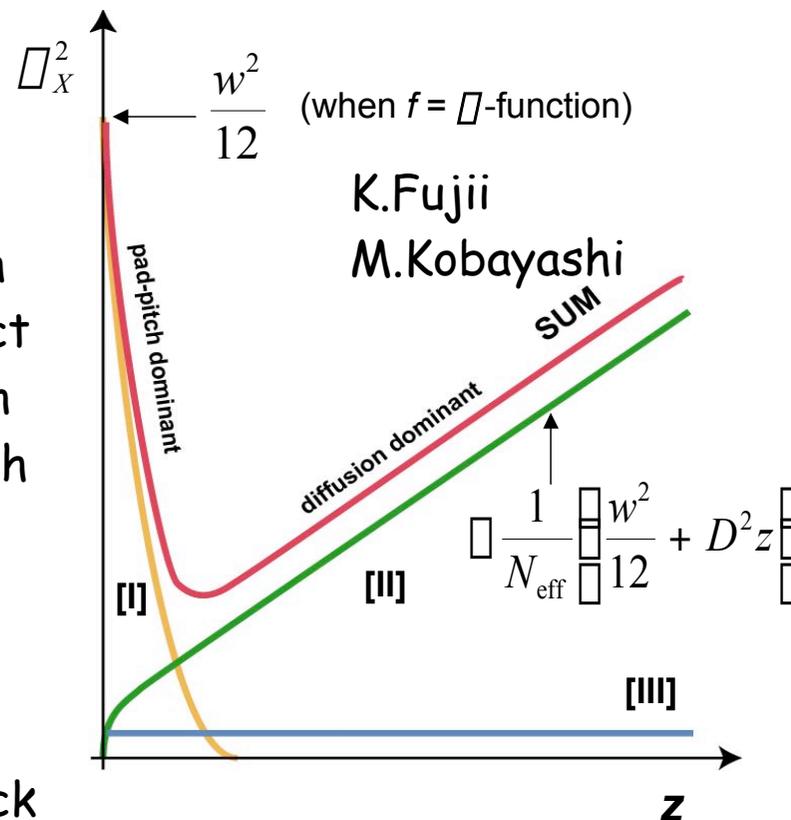
staggered pad layer by layer

forget about loss of a half pad at edge (~0.5mm effect)

SIZE of panel for pre-proto

We chose Dan's early design

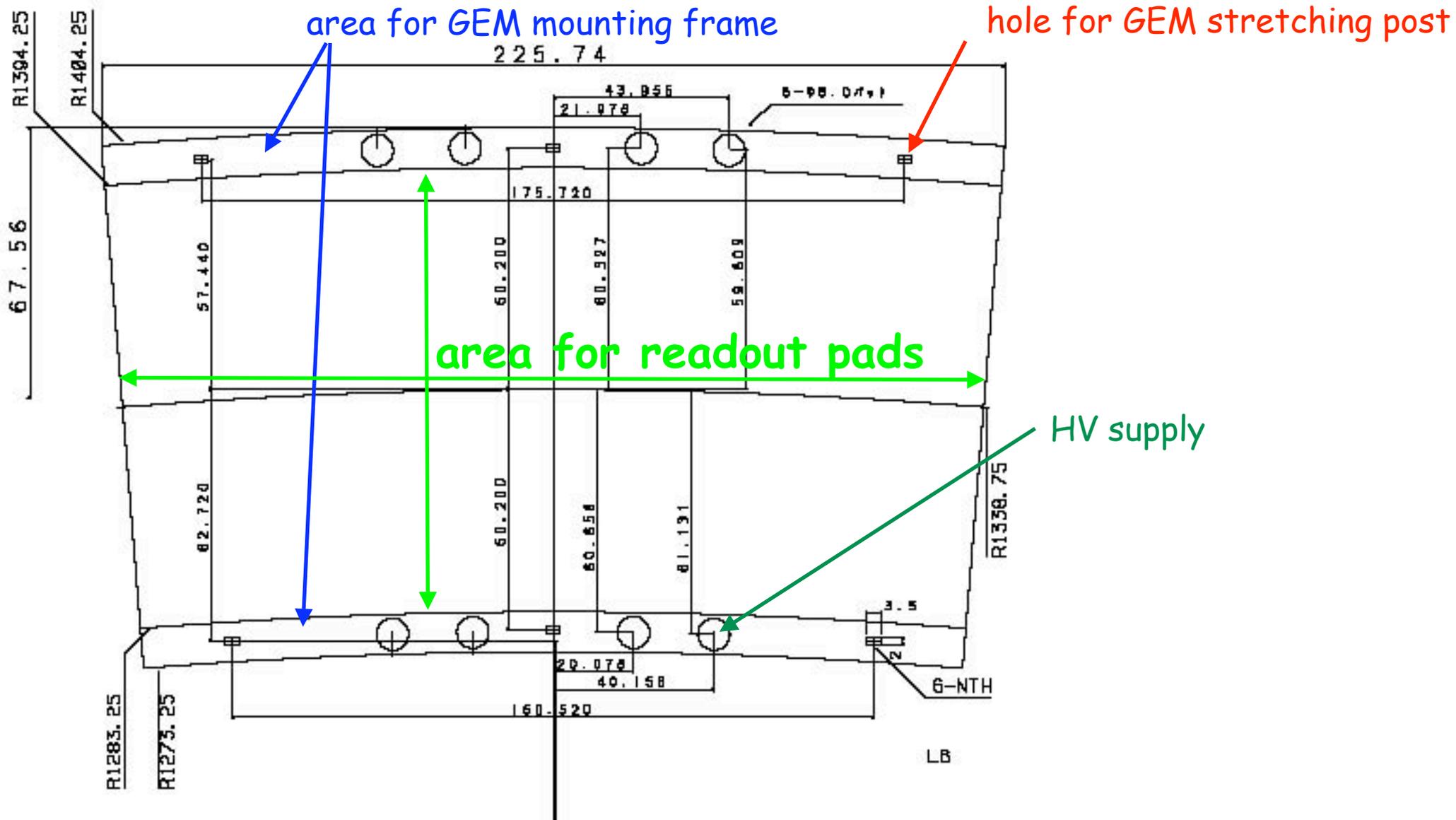
(Final panel size is under discussion)



Readout Pad plane

size ~ 22.6 x 13 cm²

Outer/Inner edge (1cm) are spent for GEM mount/HV supply
no obstacles at left/right edge (radial direction)



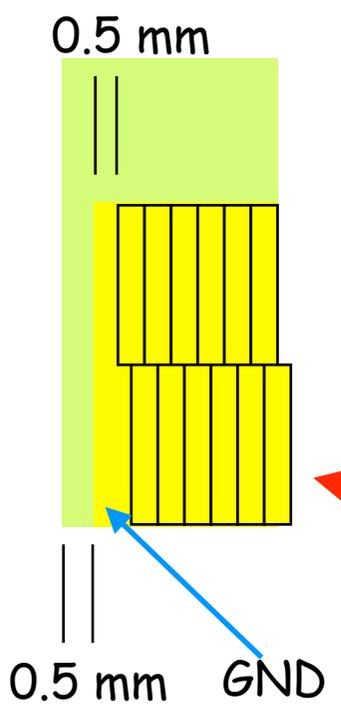
Readout Pad plane what we made

Pad size ~ 1.1 x 5.6 mm

20 pad rows

192 pads (outer half row)

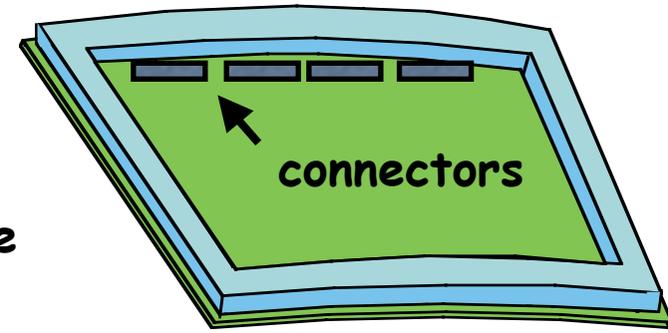
176 pads (inner half row) 3680 pads/plane



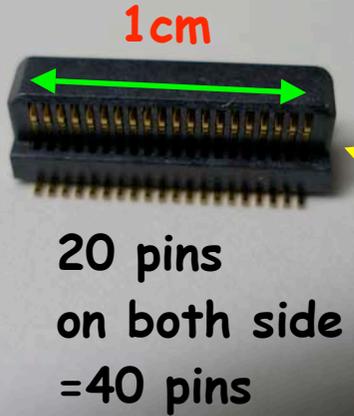
Width of pad pitch
1.18 mm @outermost
1.08 mm @innermost

Rear view

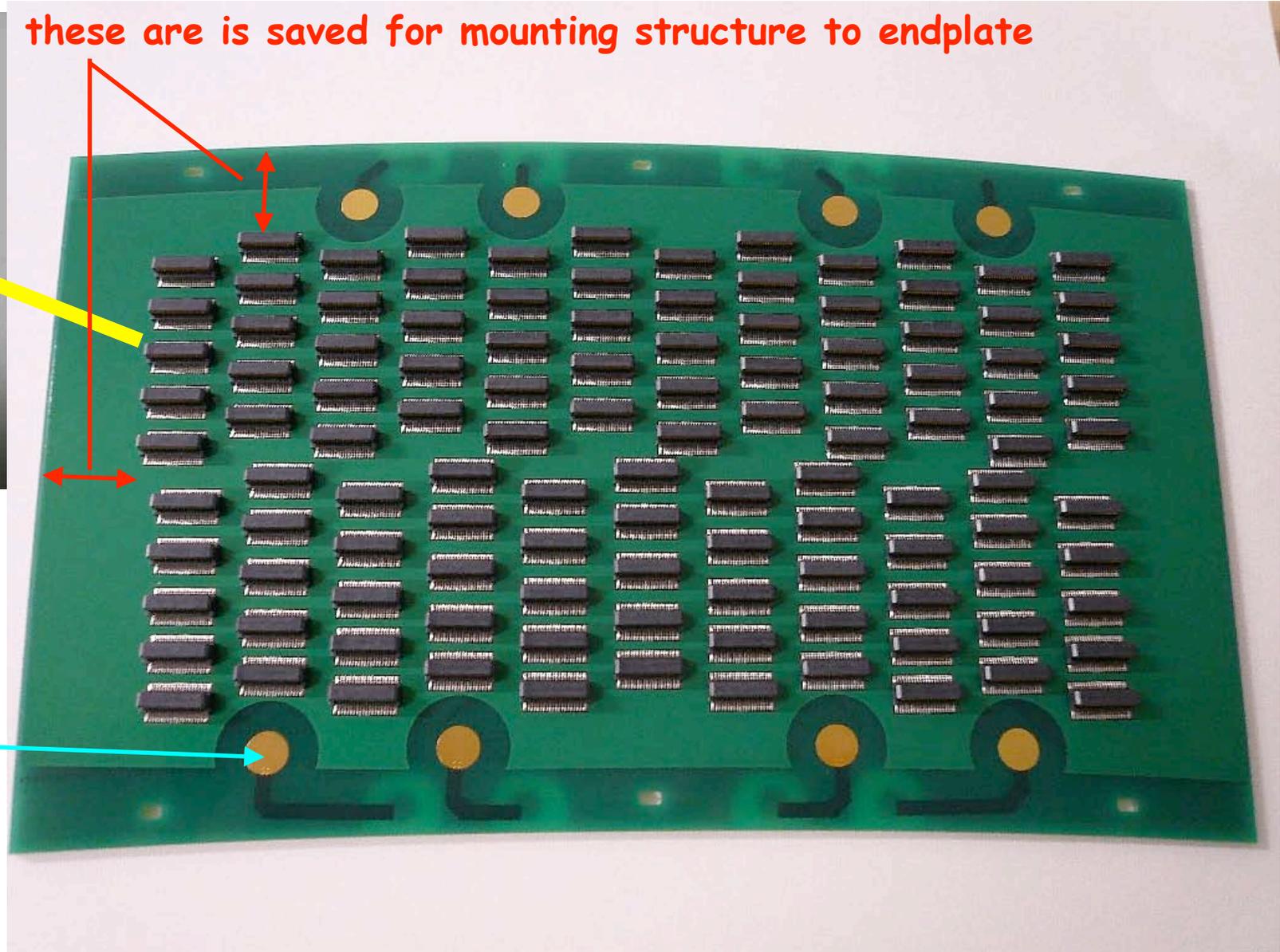
supporting structure
to endplate
2cm wide



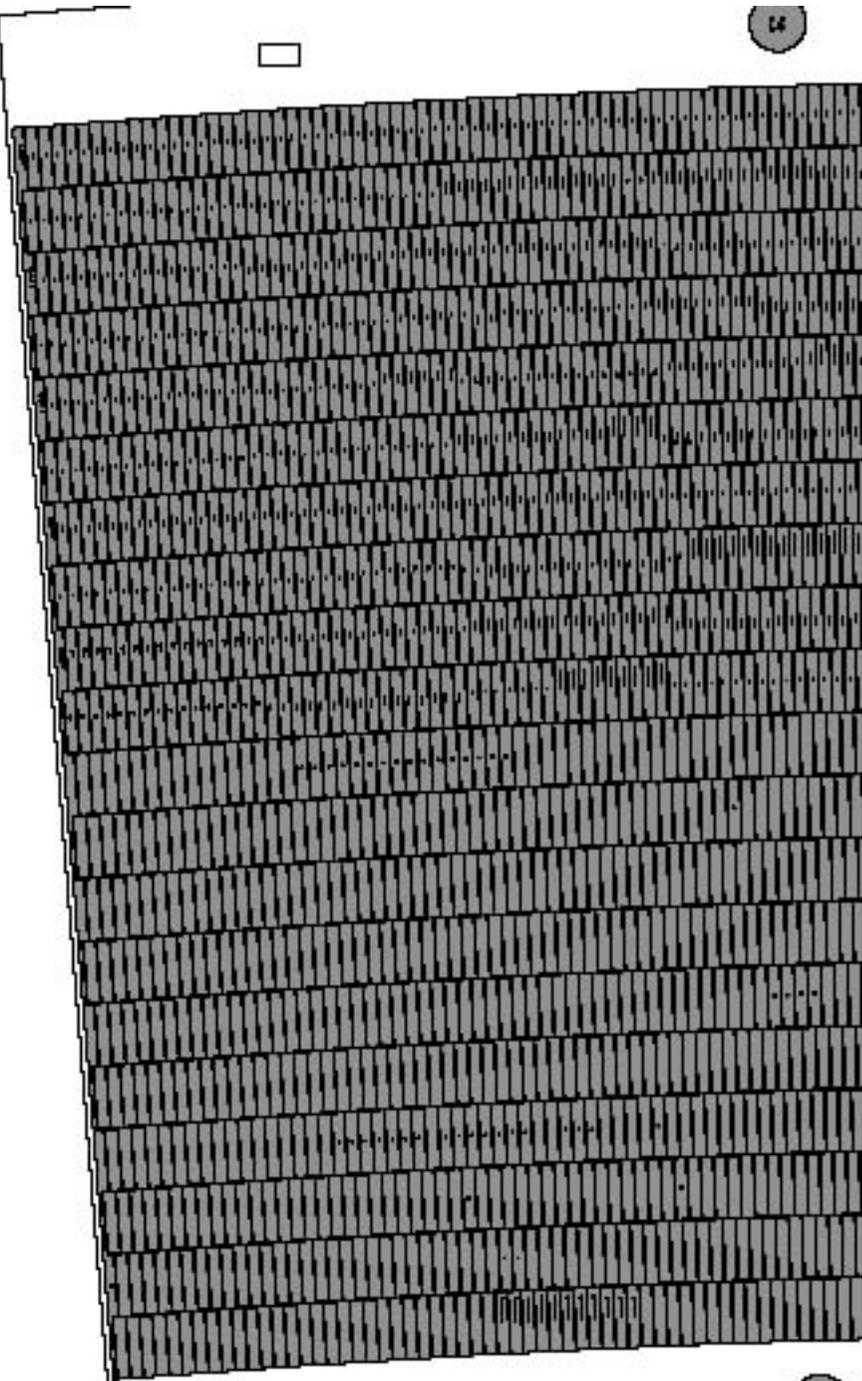
these are is saved for mounting structure to endplate



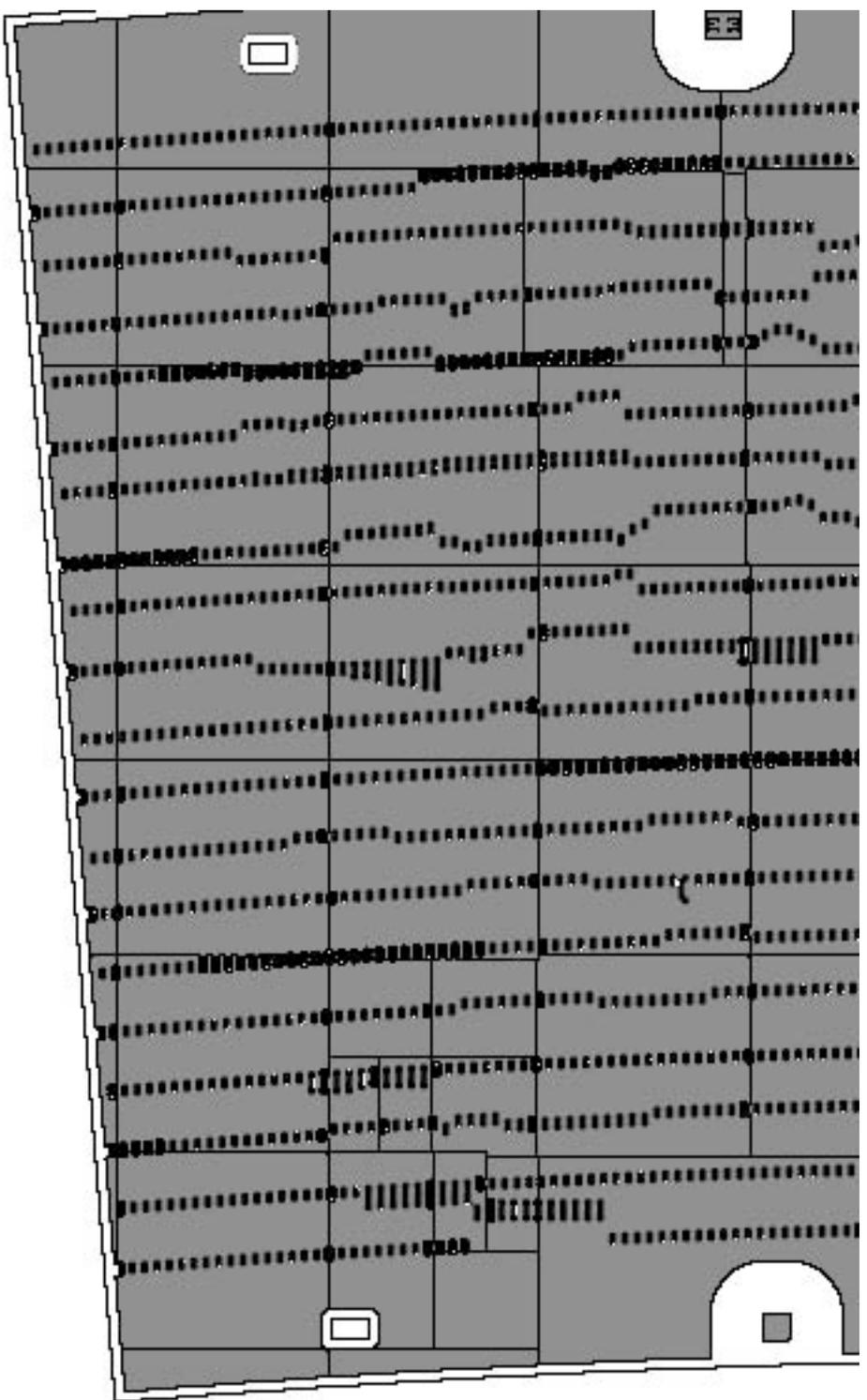
for HV supply



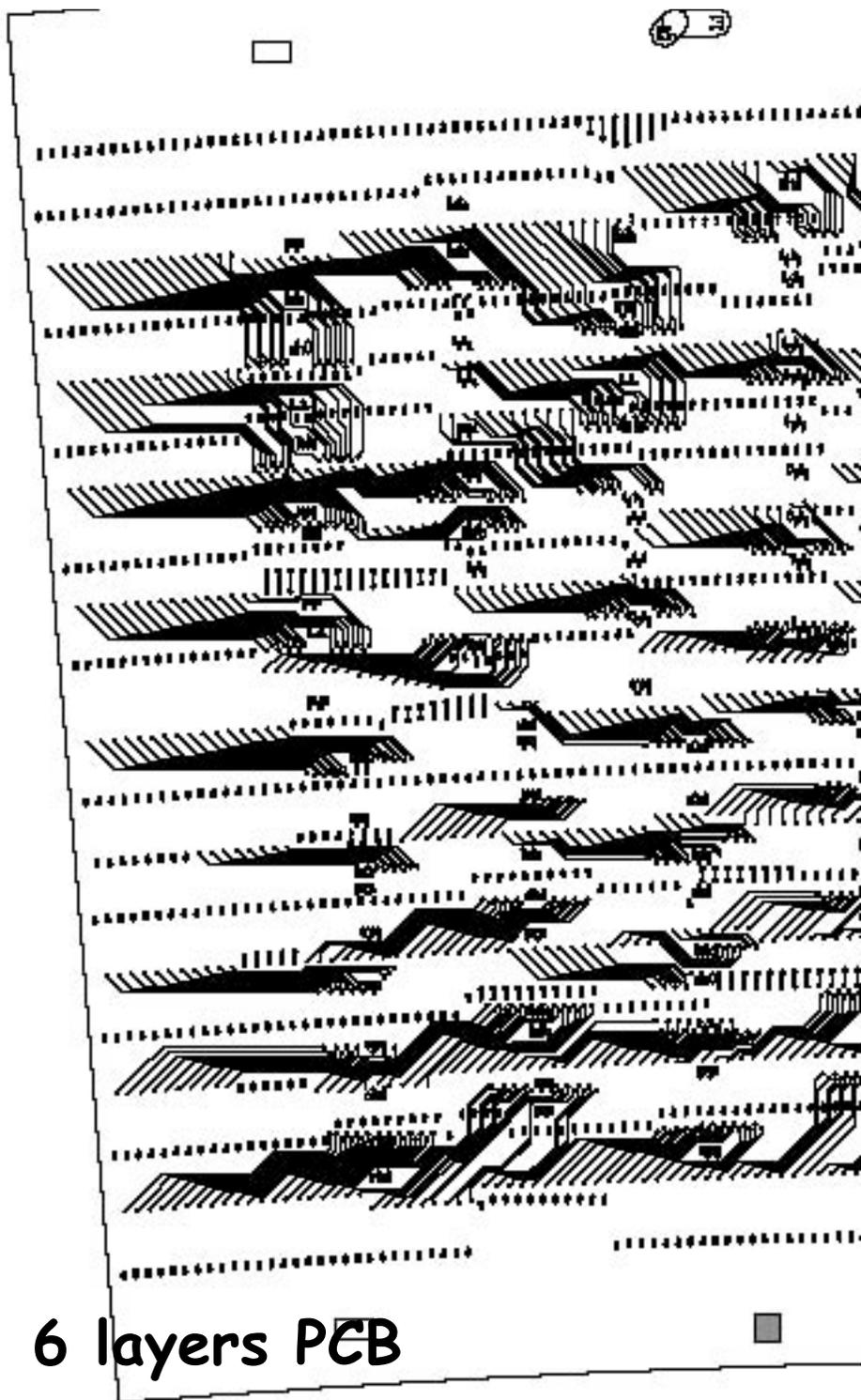
pad plane -> GND + through hole



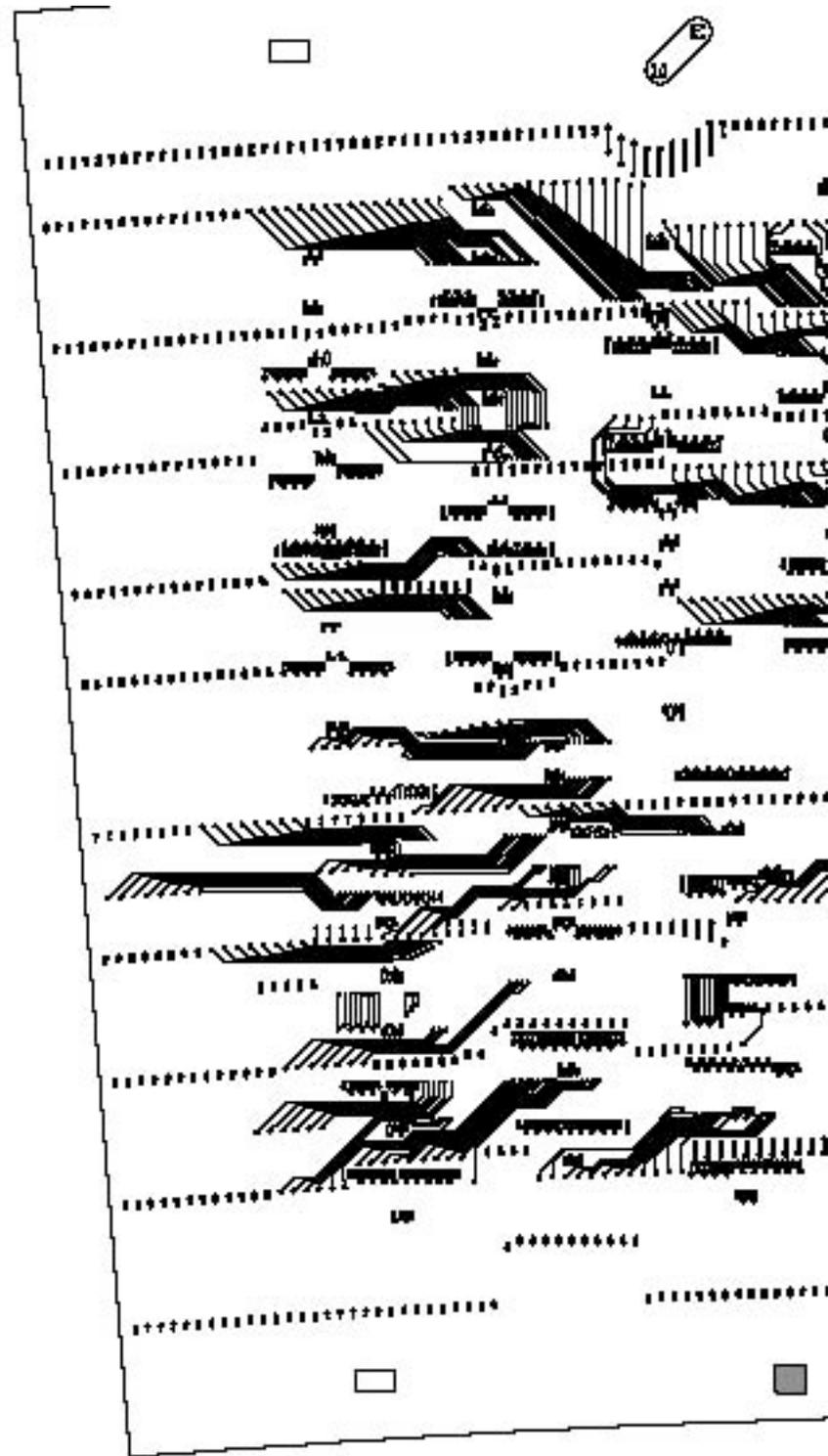
6 layers PCB



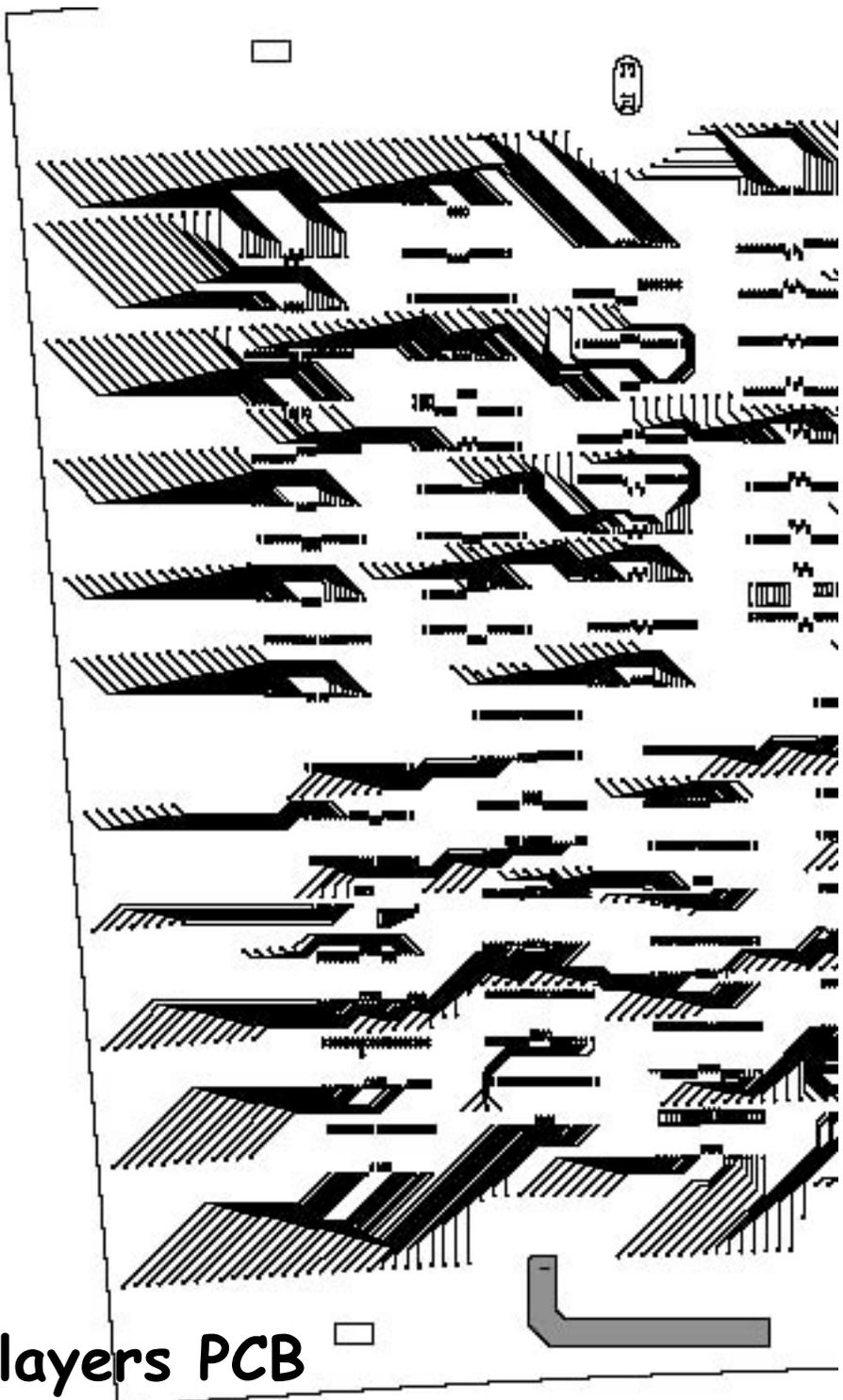
pattern (1/3) -> (2/3)



6 layers PCB



pattern (3/3) -> connector plane



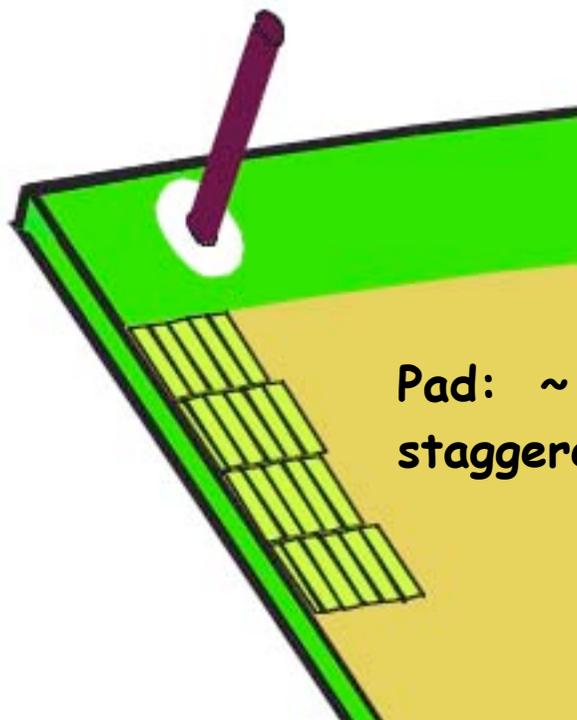
6 layers PCB



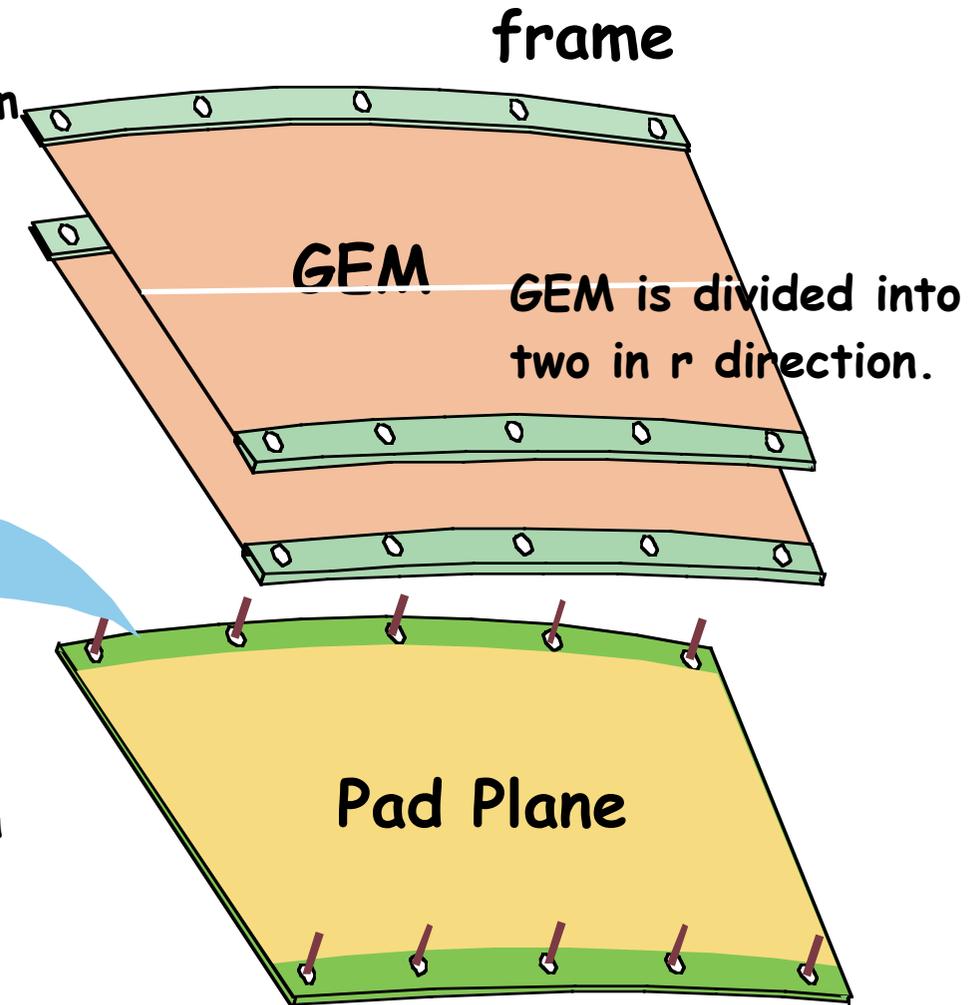
GEM structure

- narrow frame (mount mechanism)
- double GEM(100um thick) : high gain
- simple structure
- how to provide HV
- low capacitance (division)
- F.Sauli suggested $< 70\text{cm}^2$ @50um
- field shaping at frame

GEM is stretched by the post



Pad: $\sim 1 \times 5.5 \text{ mm}^2$
staggered a half pitch

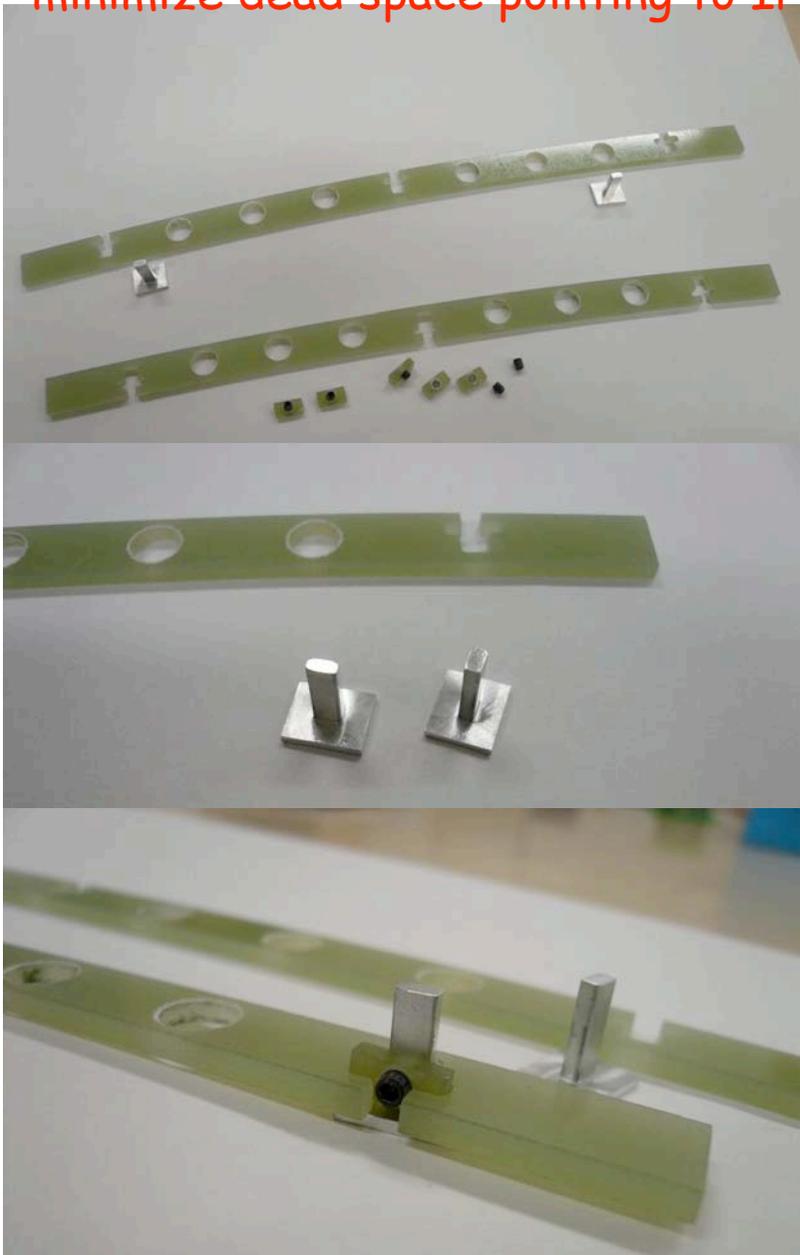


GEM mounting scheme

frame : top & bottom frame.

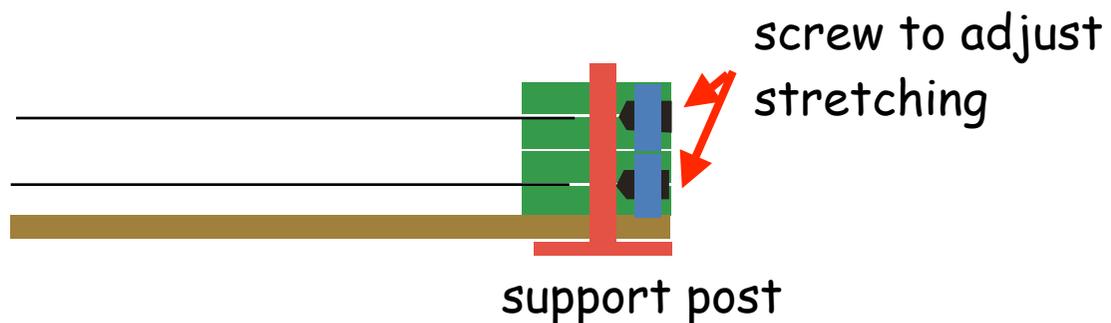
no side frame

minimize dead space pointing to IP



Can we stretch GEM ?

mounting(stretch) mechanism



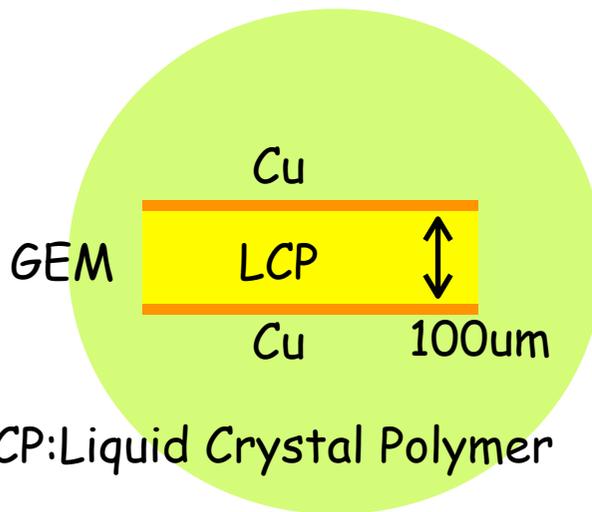
scheme test using dummy GEM



test was successful ! @Dec.14
this method seems to be OK

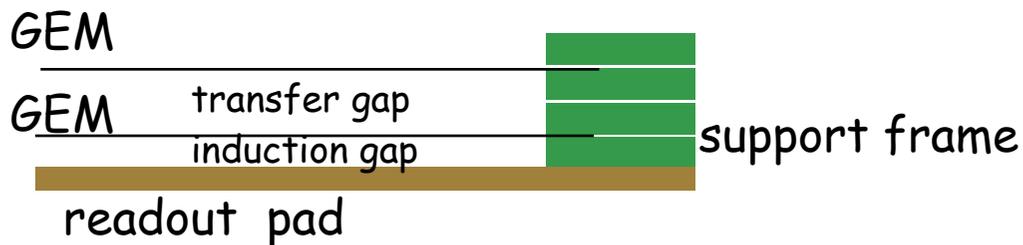
GEM

we will use 100um thick GEMs due to simpler structure produced by SCIENERGY co.(Japan)



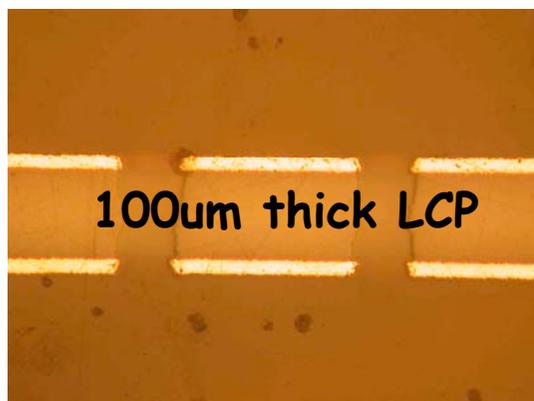
LCP: Liquid Crystal Polymer

Double GEM stuck can provide enough gain



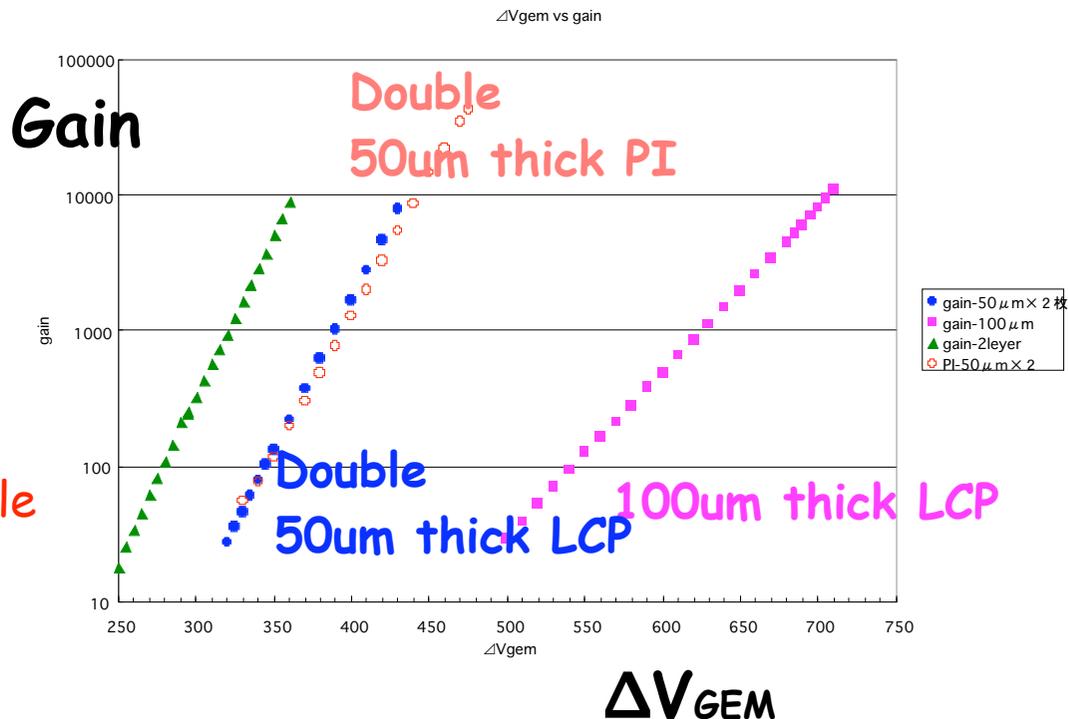
Transfer gap ~ 4mm : enlarge signal distribution (+2mm) width > 0.3* pad pitch

Why we use 100um GEM

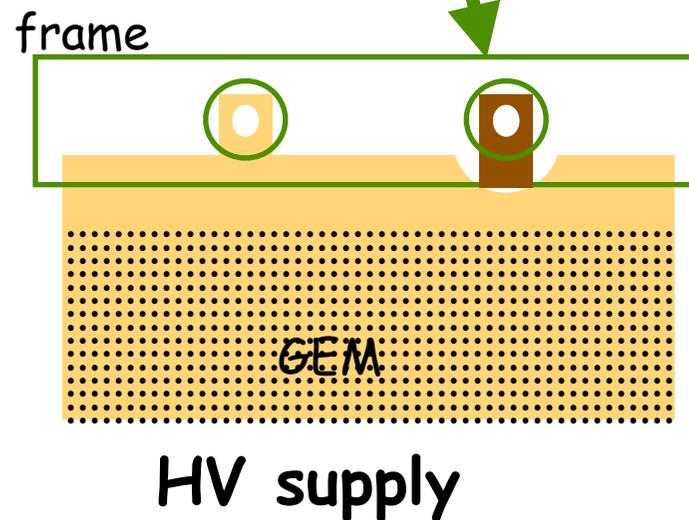
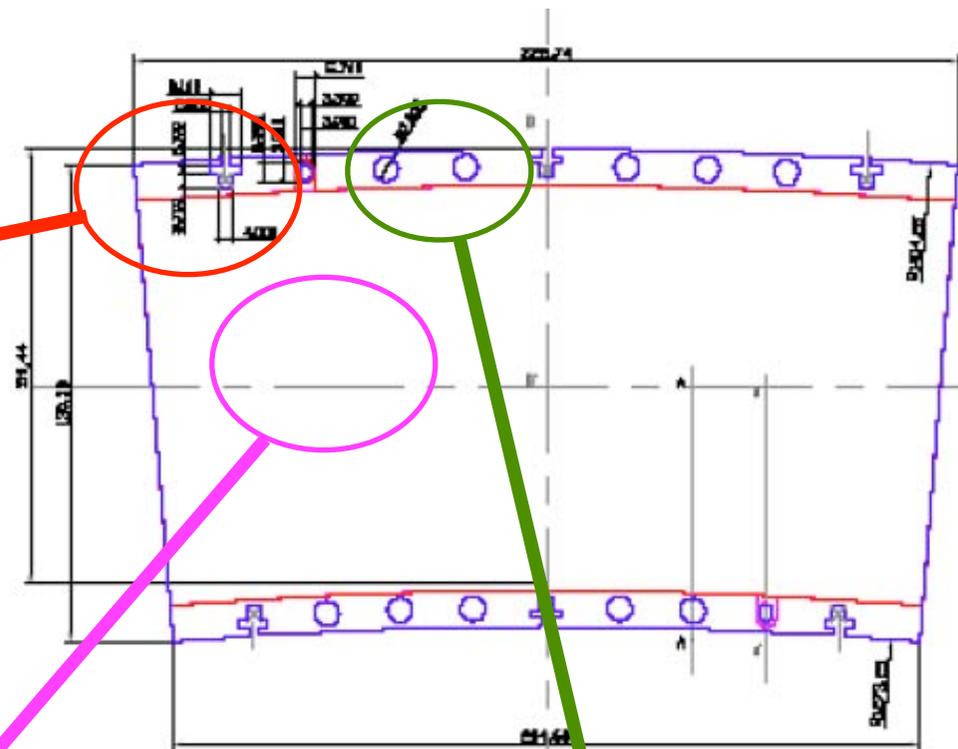
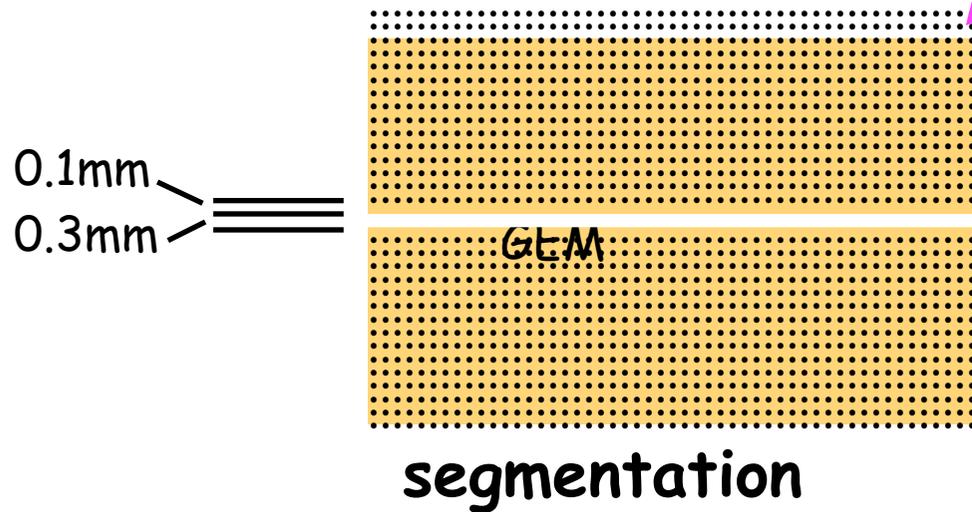
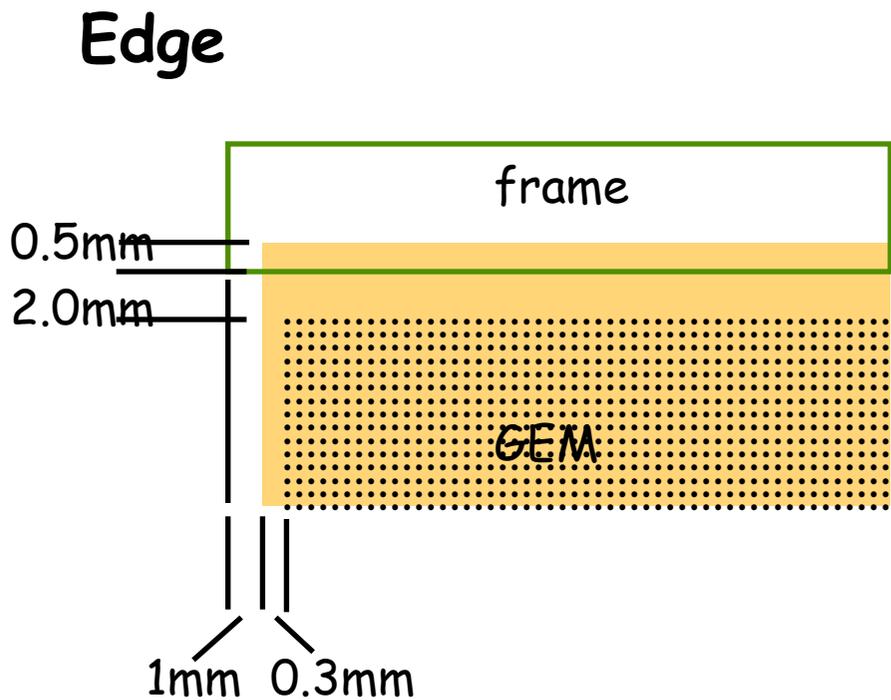


Enough gain for two GEM structure simple

stiff easy to mount ?



GEM design



Schedule

Parts for GEM panel are almost ready now

Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May

test of Mount mechanism

GEM production

Pad Plane production

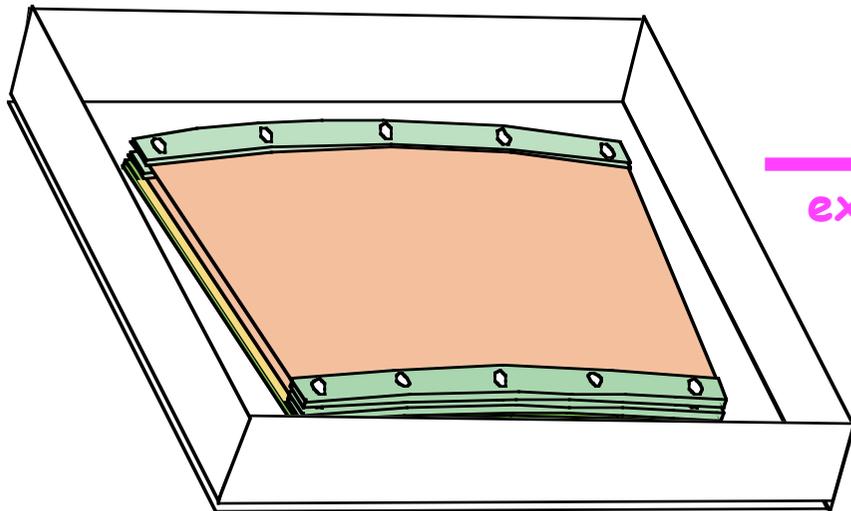
Assembly

TEST

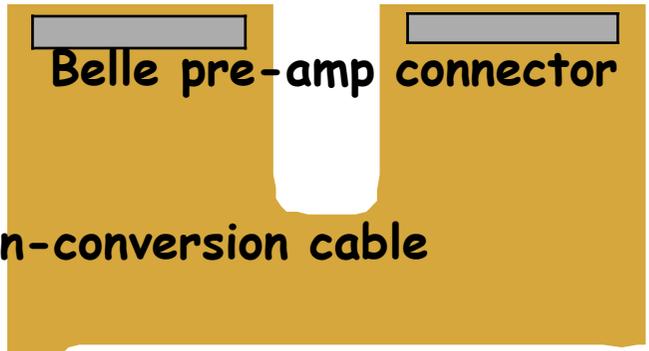
Gain check
over the panel
with Fe source

container box

using conventional
readout system(Belle)



ext. cable



extension-conversion cable

pre-proto connector

Gating structure is not considered in this test.

It should be equipped if necessary.

But we don't know what is good for gating yet.

-> Aoza's talk

Field adjusting frame is not considered in this test.

anything facing to drift volume should be kept as certain voltage
in order to minimize field distortion near GEM

-> Home work for LP1

We may have many missing items

we want to realize what is missing for LP1 during this study.

Summary

We started to make pre-prototype
as engineering R&D for LP1

how to minimize dead region due to GEM support
is the most important issue

Parts for pre-prototype are ready,
fabrication/source test is schedule during next months.
we hope this test to be a good information
to LP1 GEM panel design.

any suggestions/idea are welcome and
we hope to work LP1 GEM panel with you